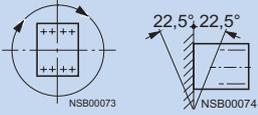
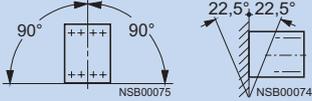


### Technical specifications

Contactor	Type	3TH42/3TH43
<b>Permissible mounting position</b>		
The contactors are designed for operation on a vertical mounting surface.	AC operation	
	DC operation	
Upright mounting position:	AC and DC operation	 Special design required

### Positively-driven operation in contactor relays with 8 and 10 contacts

#### 3TH42/3TH43

**Yes**, the contactor relays satisfy the conditions for positively-driven operation according to:

- ZH 1/457
- IEC 60947-5-1, Amendment 2, Annex L, Edition 10.1999
- SUVA

Explanation:

There is positively-driven operation if it is ensured that the NC and NO contacts cannot be closed at the same time.

#### ZH1/457

Safety rules for control units on power-operated presses in the metal-working industry.

#### IEC 60947-5-1, Amendment 2, Annex L, Edition 10.1999

Low-voltage controlgear, control equipment, and switching elements. Special requirements for positively-driven contacts

#### SUVA

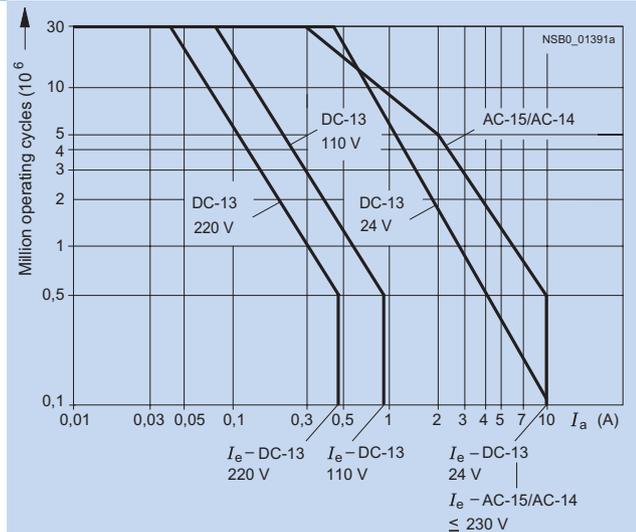
Accident prevention regulations of the Schweizer Unfallversicherungsanstalt (Swiss Institute for Accident Insurance).

### Contact endurance for utilization categories AC-15/AC-14 and DC-13

The contact endurance is mainly dependent on the breaking current. The conditions are arbitrary i.e. control stations that do not switch synchronously to the phase angle of the network.

If magnetic circuits other than the contactor coil systems or solenoid valves are present, e.g. magnetic brakes, protective measures for the load circuits are necessary.

RC elements and freewheeling diodes would be suitable as protective features.



Legend:

$I_a$  = Breaking current

$I_e$  = Rated operating current

# Contactors Relays

## Contactor relays, 8- and 10-pole

Contactors	Type	<b>3TH42/3TH43</b>	
<b>CSA and UL rated data</b>			
<b>Basic units</b>			
<b>Rated control supply voltage <math>U_s</math></b>		max. AC 600 V, DC 230 V (to UL DC 240 V)	
<b>Rated voltage</b>		AC 600 V, DC 600 V	
<b>Switching capacity</b>		A 600, P 600	
<b>General data</b>			
<b>Mechanical endurance</b>	Basic units	Operating cycles	30 million
<b>Rated insulation voltage <math>U_i</math> (pollution degree 3)</b>		V	690
<b>Rated impulse withstand voltage <math>U_{imp}</math></b>		kV	8
<b>Safe isolation</b> between coil and main contacts (to DIN VDE 0106 Part 101 and A1 Draft 02/89)		V	up to 500
<b>Permissible ambient temperature</b>		°C	-25 ... +55
		°C	-55 ... +80
<b>Degree of protection</b> to IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60529		IP20	
<b>Shock resistance</b>			
Rectangular pulse	AC operation	g/ms	7.7/5 and 4.4/10
	DC operation	g/ms	9.3/5 and 5.4/10
Sine pulse	AC operation	g/ms	12/5 and 6.8/10
	DC operation	g/ms	14.7/5 and 8.5/10
<b>Conductor cross-sections</b>			
<b>Screw terminals</b>			
solid		mm <sup>2</sup>	M 3.5
finely stranded with end sleeve		mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x (0.5 ... 1) 2 x (1 ... 2.5) 1 x 4
		mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x (0.75 ... 2.5)
<b>Short-circuit protection</b>			
(weld-free protection at $I_k \geq 1$ kA)			
• Fuse links, operational class gL/gG	NH Type 3NA	A	16
	DIAZED Type 5SB	A	16
	NEOZED Type 5SE, quick	A	20
• Miniature circuit-breaker	C characteristic	A	16
	B characteristic	A	16

Contactor	Type	3TH42/3TH43	
<b>Control circuit</b>			
<b>Coil operating range</b>			
AC operation			0.8 ... 1.1 x $U_s$ <sup>1)</sup>
DC operation (exception: 24 V)			0.8 ... 1.1 x $U_s$
• at DC 24 V			0.8 ... 1.2 x $U_s$
<b>Power consumption of magnetic coils</b> (when coil is cold and 1.0 x $U_s$ )			
AC operation, 50 Hz, standard version			
• closing	VA/p.f.	68 / 0.82	
• closed	VA/p.f.	10 / 0.29	
AC operation, 50/60 Hz, standard version			
• closing, 50 Hz	VA/p.f.	77 / 0.81	
• closed, 50 Hz	VA/p.f.	11 / 0.28	
• closing, 60 Hz	VA/p.f.	71 / 0.75	
• closed, 60 Hz	VA/p.f.	9 / 0.27	
AC operation, 50 Hz, USA/Canada			
• closing	VA/p.f.	68 / 0.82	
• closed	VA/p.f.	10 / 0.29	
AC operation, 60 Hz, USA/Canada			
• closing	VA/p.f.	75 / 0.76	
• closed	VA/p.f.	9.4/0.29 ... 0.3	
AC operation, 50 Hz, standard version			
• closing	VA/p.f.	80 / 0.8	
• closed	VA/p.f.	10.7 / 0.29	
AC operation, 60 Hz, standard version			
• closing	VA/p.f.	75 ... 90/0.73	
• closed	VA/p.f.	8.5 ... 10.7/0.29 ... 0.3	
DC operation up to 250 V	closing = closed	W	6.2
<b>Permissible residual current of the electronics</b> (with 0 signal)			
for AC operation		mA	≤ 8 x (220 V/ $U_s$ )
for DC operation		mA	≤ 1.25 x (220 V/ $U_s$ )
<b>Operating times</b> <sup>2)</sup>			
Total break time = opening time + arcing time (the values apply up to and including 20 % undervoltage, 10 % overvoltage, and with the coil in the cold state and at operating temperature)			
<u>AC operation</u>			
Closing			
• ON-delay NO contact		ms	8 ... 35
• opening time NC contact		ms	6 ... 20
Opening			
• OFF-delay NO contact		ms	4 ... 18
• closing time NC contact		ms	5 ... 30
Arcing time			
		ms	10
<u>DC operation</u>			
Closing			
• ON-delay NO contact		ms	20 ... 170
• opening time NC contact		ms	18 ... 110
Opening			
• OFF-delay NO contact		ms	10 ... 25
• closing time NC contact		ms	15 ... 30
Arcing time			
		ms	10
<b>Switching times</b> <sup>2)</sup> at 1.0 x $U_s$			
<u>AC operation</u>			
Closing			
• ON-delay NO contact		ms	10 ... 25
• opening time NC contact		ms	7 ... 20
Opening			
• OFF-delay NO contact		ms	5 ... 18
• closing time NC contact		ms	7 ... 20
<u>DC operation</u>			
Closing			
• ON-delay NO contact		ms	30 ... 70
• opening time NC contact		ms	28 ... 65
Opening			
• OFF-delay NO contact		ms	10 ... 20
• closing time NC contact		ms	15 ... 25

1) Coils for USA, Canada and Japan: 0.85 to 1.1 x  $U_s$ , at 60 Hz:

2) The opening times of the NO contacts and the closing times of the NC contacts increase if the contactor coils are protected against voltage peaks (suppression diode 6 to 9 times, diode assemblies 2 to 6 times, varistor +2 to 5 ms).

# Contactors Relays

## Contactor relays, 8- and 10-pole

Contactor	Type	3TH42/3TH43	
<b>Load side</b>			
<b>Rated operating currents <math>I_e</math></b>			
AC-12		A	16
AC-15/AC-14 for rated operating voltage $U$	230 V	A	10
	400 V	A	6
	500 V	A	4
	690 V	A	2
DC-12, for rated operating voltage $U_e$			
• 1 conducting path	up to 48 V	A	10
	110 V	A	2.1
	220 V	A	0.8
	440 V	A	0.6
	600 V	A	0.6
• 2 series-connected conducting paths	up to 48 V	A	10
	110 V	A	10
	220 V	A	1.6
	440 V	A	0.8
	600 V	A	0.7
• 3 series-connected conducting paths	up to 48 V	A	10
	110 V	A	10
	220 V	A	10
	440 V	A	1.3
	600 V	A	1
DC-13, for rated operating voltage $U_e$			
• 1 conducting path	24 V	A	10
	48 V	A	5
	110 V	A	1
	220 V	A	0.45
	440 V	A	0.25
	600 V	A	0.2
• 2 series-connected conducting paths	24 V	A	10
	48 V	A	10
	110 V	A	2.5
	220 V	A	0.75
	440 V	A	0.5
	600 V	A	0.4
• 3 series-connected conducting paths	24 V	A	10
	48 V	A	10
	110 V	A	10
	220 V	A	2
	440 V	A	0.9
	600 V	A	0.8
<b>Rated output power of induction motors</b>			
acc. to utilization category AC-2 and AC-3, 50 Hz			
	230/220 V	kW	2.4
	400/380 V	kW	4
	500 V	kW	4
	690/660 V	kW	4
<b>Operating frequency <math>z</math> <sup>1)</sup></b>			
Operating cycles per hour for rated operation for utilization category	AC-12/DC-12	h <sup>-1</sup>	1000
	AC-2	h <sup>-1</sup>	500
	AC-3	h <sup>-1</sup>	1000
	AC-15/AC-14	h <sup>-1</sup>	3600
	DC-13	h <sup>-1</sup>	3600
No-load operating frequency		h <sup>-1</sup>	10000

1) Dependence of the operating frequency  $z$  on the operating current  $I$  and operating voltage  $U$ :  $z = z_e I / I_e (U_e / U)^{1.5}$  1/h.